## 10/580,974

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, ,

chain nodes :

2 3 4 5 6 chain bonds:

2-3 2-4 2-5 2-6 4-9 5-11 6-8

exact/norm bonds :

2-3 2-4 2-5 2-6 4-9 5-11 6-8

G1:B, Al, As, Ga, In, Sb

G2:Cb,Cy,Hy,Ak

Match level:

2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 11:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d his

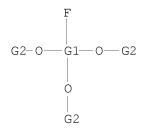
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:17:29 ON 10 DEC 2009)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:17:46 ON 10 DEC 2009 STRUCTURE UPLOADED L1

=> d 11

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

T.1 STR



G1 B, Al, As, Ga, In, Sb

G2 Cb, Cy, Hy, Ak

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 19:18:09 FILE 'REGISTRY'

500 TO ITERATE SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -

100.0% PROCESSED 500 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\* BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 8659 TO 11341

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 234

5 SEA SSS SAM L1 L2

=> s 11 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:18:17 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 10229 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 10229 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

70 ANSWERS

5 ANSWERS

L3 70 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil caplus

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SINCE FILE 1011.
WMTRY SESSION 196.10 185.88

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=> s 13

L443 L3

=> s 14 and py <= 200425161915 PY<=2004

29 L4 AND PY<=2004 1.5

=> s 15 and perfluorinated

6862 PERFLUORINATED

0 L5 AND PERFLUORINATED

=> s 15 and partially fluorinated 369899 PARTIALLY

43174 FLUORINATED

1316 PARTIALLY FLUORINATED

(PARTIALLY (W) FLUORINATED)

L7 0 L5 AND PARTIALLY FLUORINATED

=> d 1-29 bib abs

L7 HAS NO ANSWERS

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SIA ---- Structure Image, Attributes, and map table if it contains data. (Default)

SIM ---- Structure IMage.

SAT ---- Structure ATtributes and map table if it contains data.

SCT ---- Structure Connection Table and map table if it contains

data.

SDA ---- All Structure DAta (image, attributes, connection table and map table if it contains data).

NOS ---- NO Structure data.

ENTER STRUCTURE FORMAT (SIA), SCT, SDA, SIM, SAT, NOS:end

=> d 15 1-29 bib abs

- L5 ANSWER 1 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:900028 CAPLUS
- DN 142:68010
- TI From weakly coordinating to non-coordinating anions? A simple preparation of the silver salt of the least coordinating anion and its application to determine the ground state structure of the Ag( $\eta$ 2-P4)2+ cation
- AU Bihlmeier, Angela; Gonsior, Marcin; Raabe, Ines; Trapp, Nils; Krossing, Ingo
- CS Institut fuer Anorganische Chemie, Universitaet Karlsruhe, Karlsruhe, 76128, Germany
- SO Chemistry--A European Journal (2004), 10(20), 5041-5051 CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539
- PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 142:68010
- AB The unexpected but facile preparation of the Ag salt of the least coordinating [(RO)3Al-F-Al(OR)3] - anion (R = C(CF3)3) by reaction of Aq[Al(OR)4] with one equivalent of PC13 is described. The mechanism of the formation of Ag[(RO)3Al-F-Al(OR)3] is explained based on the available exptl. data as well as on quantum chemical calcns. with the inclusion of entropy and COSMO solvation enthalpies. The crystal structures of (RO)3Al(OC4H8), Cs[(RO)2(Me)AlFAl(Me)(OR)2], Ag(CH2C12)3[(RO)3AlFAl(OR)3] and  $Aq(\eta_2-P_4)2[(RO)3AlFAl(OR)3]$  are described. From the collected data the [(RO)3AlFAl(OR)3]- anion is the least coordinating anion currently known. With respect to the F- ion affinity of two parent Lewis acids Al(OR)3 of 685 kJ mol-1, the ligand affinity (441 kJ mol-1), the proton and Cu decomposition reactions (-983 and -297 kJ mol-1) as well as HOMO level and HOMO-LUMO gap and in comparison with [Sb4F21]-, [Sb(OTeF5)6]-, [Al(OR)4] - as well as [B(RF)4] - (RF = CF3 or C6F5) the [(RO)3Al-F-Al(OR)3]- anion is among the best weakly coordinating anions (WCAs) according to each value. In contrast to most of the other cited anions, the [(RO)3AlFAl(OR)3] anion is available by a simple preparation in conventional inorg. labs. The least coordinating character of this anion was employed to clarify the question of the ground state geometry of the  $Ag(\eta 2-P4)2+$  cation (D2h, D2 or D2d). In agreement with computational data and NMR spectra it could be shown that the rotation along the Ag-(P-P-centroid) vector has no barrier and that the structure adopted in the solid state depends on packing effects which lead to an almost D2h sym. Ag( $\eta 2-P4$ )2+ cation (0 to 10.6° torsion) for the more sym. [Al(OR)4]- anion, but to a D2 sym. Ag( $\eta$ 2-P4)2+ cation with a  $44^{\circ}$  twist angle of the two AqP2 planes for the less sym. [(RO)3AlFAl(OR)3]- anion. This implies that Ag back bonding, suggested by quantum chemical population analyses to be of importance, is only weak.
- OSC.G 24 THERE ARE 24 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (24 CITINGS)
  RE.CNT 90 THERE ARE 90 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
  ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L5 ANSWER 2 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:900026 CAPLUS
- DN 142:63045
- TI Relative stabilities of weakly coordinating anions: A computational study
- AU Krossing, Ingo; Raabe, Ines
- CS Institut fuer Anorganische Chemie, Universitaet Karlsruhe, Karlsruhe,

76128, Germany

- SO Chemistry--A European Journal (2004), 10(20), 5017-5030 CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539
- PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ This article describes BP86/SV(P) (DFT) calcns. on a representative set of weakly coordinating anions (WCAs) of type [M(L)n]-, their parent neutral Lewis acids M(L)n-1 and their ate complexes with fluoride, i.e., [FM(L)n]n-1 (M = B, L = F, OTeF5, C6H5, C6F5, C6H3(CF3)2, CF3; M = P, As, Sb, L = F, OTeF5; M = Al, L = OC(CF3)3). Compds. with fluoride bridges, i.e., SbnF5n and [SbnF5n +1]-(n = 2, 3, 4), Al2(L)5F and  $[(L)3Al-F-Al(L)3]-(L = OC(CF3)3), (F4C6\{1,2-B(L)2\}2),$  $[F4C6\{1,2-B(L)2\}2F]-$ ,  $[F4C6\{1,2-B(L)2\}2OMe]-$  (L = C6F5) were also calculated Based on these BP86/SV(P) and auxiliary MP2/TZVPP, G2, and CBS-Q calcns. the relative stabilities and coordinating abilities of these WCAs were established with regard to the fluoride ion affinities (FIA) of the parent Lewis acids, the ligand affinity (LA) of the WCAs, the decomposition of a given WCA in the presence of a hard (H+, proton decomposition PD) and a soft electrophile (Cu+, copper decomposition CuD), the position of the HOMO, the HOMO-LUMO gap, and population analyses of the anions providing partial charges for all atoms. To obtain data that is more reliable, the assessed quantities were calculated through isodesmic reactions. If parts of the calcns. could not be done isodesmically, higher levels such as MP2/TZVPP, G2, and CBS-Q were used to obtain reliable values for these reactions. Although the obtained results can not be taken as absolute, the relative ordering of the stabilities of all WCAs will undoubtedly be correct, since a single methodol. was chosen for the investigation. To include media effects the decomposition reactions of a subset of 14 WCAs with the SiMe3+ and [Cp2ZrMe]+ ions were also calculated in PhCl and 1,2-F2C6H4 (COSMO solvation model). We found that in most cases gas-phase calcns. and solution calcns. give comparable results for the stability of the anion. Applications of the LA and FIA that allow one to decide, on thermodn. grounds, which WCA or Lewis acid is the most suitable for a given problem are sketched.
- OSC.G 25 THERE ARE 25 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (25 CITINGS)
  RE.CNT 142 THERE ARE 142 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
  ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L5 ANSWER 3 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:728365 CAPLUS
- DN 141:382056
- TI Conductivities and electrochemical stabilities of lithium salts of polyfluoroalkoxyaluminate superweak anions
- AU Tsujioka, Shoichi; Nolan, Benjamin G.; Takase, Hironari; Fauber, Benjamin P.; Strauss, Steven H.
- CS Department of Chemistry, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO, 80523 USA, USA
- SO Journal of the Electrochemical Society (2004), 151(9), A1418-A1423
  CODEN: JESOAN; ISSN: 0013-4651
- PB Electrochemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Six lithium salts of tris- and tetrakis(polyfluoroalkoxy)aluminate superweak anions were studied for their potential use as battery electrolytes. Four of the six are based on the formula LiAl(OCR(CF3)2)4 (R = H, Me, CF3, Ph); the other two are LiAl(OCH2CF3)4 and LiAlF(OCPh(CF3)2)3. The thermally stable electrolytes LiAl(OCH(CF3)2)4 and LiAl(OCPh(CF3)2)4 were not oxidized at potentials less than or equal to 5.0 V vs. Li+/0 in dimethoxyethane (DME) or in 50:50% ethylene carbonate:dimethylcarbonate (EC:DMC). The LiAl(OCH(CF3)2)4 electrolyte was not reduced at 0 V vs. Li+/0 in DME. Neither LiAl(OCH(CF3)2)4 nor

LiAl(OCPh(CF3)2)4 promoted the corrosion of aluminum at 5.0 V vs. Li+/0. The electrolyte LiAl(OCH(CF3)2)4 underwent efficient, reversible reductive intercalation of Li+ with MCMB carbon or LiCoO2 electrodes over the potential ranges 0-2 and 2.4-4.8 V, resp., vs. Li+/0, but did not react in any other way with these electrode materials. The conductivities of some of the LiAl(ORF)4 electrolytes in DME or in EC:DMC were high enough for them to be considered as potential replacements for LiPF6 in primary and secondary lithium batteries.

OSC.G 7 THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (7 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L5 ANSWER 4 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:638855 CAPLUS
- DN 141:324605
- TI The reaction of Li[Al(OR)4] R = OC(CF3)2Ph, OC(CF3)3 with NO/NO2 giving NO[Al(OR)4], Li[NO3] and N2O. The synthesis of NO[Al(OR)4] from Li[Al(OR)4] and NO[SbF6] in sulfur dioxide solution
- AU Decken, Andreas; Jenkins, H. Donald Brooke; Nikiforov, Grigori B.; Passmore, Jack
- CS Chemistry Department, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, NB, E3B 6E2, Can.
- SO Dalton Transactions (2004), (16), 2496-2504 CODEN: DTARAF; ISSN: 1477-9226
- PB Royal Society of Chemistry
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 141:324605
- AB NO[Al(OC(CF3)2Ph)4] 1 and NO[Al(OC(CF3)3)4] 2 were obtained by the metathesis reaction of NO[SbF6] and the corresponding Li[Al(OR)4] salts in liquid SO2 solution in .apprx.40% (1) and 85% (2) isolated yield. 1 And 2, as well as Li[NO3] and N2O, were also obtained by the reaction of an excess of mixture of (90 mol%) NO, (10 mol%) NO2 with Li[Al(OR)4] followed by extraction

with SO2. The unfavorable disproportionation reaction of 2NO2(g) to [NO]+(g) and [NO3]-(g) [ $\Delta$ H° = +616.2 kJ mol-1] is more than compensated by the disproportionation energy of 3NO(g) to N2O(g) and NO2(g) [ $\Delta$ H° = -155.4 kJ mol-1] and the lattice energy of Li[NO3] (s) [UPOT = 862 kJ mol-1]. Evidence is presented that the reaction proceeds via a complex of [Li]+ with NO, NO2 (or their dimers) and N2O. NO2 and Li[Al(OC(CF3)3)4] gave {NO3(NO)3}[Al(OC(CF3)3)4]2, NO[Al(OC(CF3)3)4] and (NO2)[Al(OC(CF3)3)4] products. The Al complex {Li[AlF(OC(CF3)2Ph)3]}2 3 was prepared by the thermal decomposition of Li[Al(OC(CF3)2Ph)4]. Compds. 1 and 3 were characterized by single crystal x-ray structural analyses, 1-3 by elemental analyses, NMR, IR, Raman and mass spectra. Solid 1 contains [Al(OC(CF3)2Ph)4]- and [NO]+ weakly linked via donor acceptor interactions, while in the SO2 solution there is an equilibrium

between the associated [NO]+[Al(OC(CF3)2Ph)4]- and separated solvated ions. Solid 2 contains essentially ionic [NO]+ and [Al(OC(CF3)3)4]-. Complex 3 consists of two {Li[AlF(OC(CF3)2Ph)3]} units linked via F Li contacts. Compound 1 is unstable in the SO2 solution and decomps. to yield [AlF(OC(CF3)2Ph)3]-, [(PhC(CF3)2O)3Al( $\mu$ -F)Al(OC(CF3)2Ph)3]- anions as well as (NO)C6H4C(CF3)2OH, while compound 2 is stable in liquid SO2. The v(NO+) in 1 and [NO]+(toluene)[SbCl6] are similar, implying similar basicities of [Al(OC(CF3)2Ph)4]- and toluene.

- OSC.G 11 THERE ARE 11 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (11 CITINGS)
  RE.CNT 92 THERE ARE 92 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
  ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L5 ANSWER 5 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN AN 2002:806300 CAPLUS

- DN 138:116824
- TI PX4+, P2X5+, and P5X2+ (X = Br, I) salts of the superweak Al(OR)4- anion [R = C(CF3)3]
- AU Gonsior, Marcin; Krossing, Ingo; Muller, Lutz; Raabe, Ines; Jansen, Martin; Van Wullen, Leo
- CS University of Karlsruhe, Karlsruhe, 76128, Germany
- SO Chemistry-A European Journal (2002), 8(19), 4475-4492 CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539
- PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 138:116824
- AΒ PX4+[Al(OR)4]-(X = I: 1a, X = Br: 1b) was prepared from X2, PX3, and Ag[Al(OR)4][R = C(CF3)3] in CH2C12 at -30° in 69-86% yield. P2X5+ salts were prepared from 2PX3 and Ag[Al(OR)4] in CH2Cl2 at  $-30^{\circ}$ yielding almost quant. P2X5+[A1(OR)4]-(X = I: 3a, X = Br: 3b). P-rich P5X2+ salts arose from the reaction of cold  $(-78^{\circ})$  mixts. of PX3, P4, and Ag[Al(OR)4] giving P5X2+[Al(OR)4]-(X = I: 4a, X = Br: 4b)with a C2v-sym. P5 cage. Silver salt metathesis presumably generated unstable PX2+ cations from PX3 and Ag[Al(OR)4] (X = Br, I) that acted as electrophilic carbene analogs and inserted into the X-X (P-X/P-P) bond of X2(PX3/P4) leading to the highly electrophilic and CH2Cl2-soluble PX4+ (P2X5+/P5X2+) salts. Reactions that aimed to synthesize P2I3+ from P2I4 and Ag[Al(OR)4] instead led to anion decomposition and the formation of P2I5(CS2)+[(RO)3Al-F-Al(OR)3]-(5). All salts were characterized by variable-temperature solution NMR studies (3b also by 31P MAS NMR), Raman and/or IR

spectroscopy as well as x-ray crystallog. (with the exception of 4a). The thermochem. vols. of the P-X cations are 121 (PBr4+), 161 (PI4+), 194 (P2Br5+), 271 (P2I5+), and 180 Å3 (P5Br2+). The observed reactions were fully accounted for by thermochem. calcns. based on (RI-)MP2/TZVPP ab initio results and COSMO solvation enthalpy calcns. (CH2Cl2 solution). The enthalpies of formation of the gaseous P-X cations were derived as +764 (PI4+), +617 (PBr4+), +749 (P2I5+), +579 (P2Br5+), +762 (P5I2+), and +705 kJ mol-1 (P5Br2+). The insertion of the intermediately prepared carbene analog PX2+ cations into the resp. bonds were calculated, at the (RI-)MP2/TZVPP level, to be exergonic at 298 K in CH2Cl2 by  $\Delta$ rG(CH2Cl2) = -133.5 (PI4+), -183.9 (PBr4+), -106.5 (P2I5+), -81.5 (P2Br5+), -113.2 (P5I2+), and -114.5 kJ mol-1 (P5Br2+).

OSC.G 38 THERE ARE 38 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (38 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 60 THERE ARE 60 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L5 ANSWER 6 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:608776 CAPLUS
- DN 137:345155
- TI A thallium coated dianion: trigonal bipyramidal [F2A1(OR)3]2- coordinated to three Tl+ cations in the ion pair [T13F2A1(OR)3]+[A1(OR)4]- [R = CH(CF3)2]
- AU Gonsior, Marcin; Krossing, Ingo; Mitzel, Norbert
- CS Institut fuer Anorganische Chemie, Universitaet Karlsruhe, Karlsruhe, D-76128, Germany
- SO Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (2002), 628(8), 1821-1830 CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313
- PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 137:345155
- AB The reproducible synthesis of the unusual ionic aluminum compound  $[T13F2A1(OR)3] + [A1(OR)4] (1) \text{ is reported.} \quad \text{In the reaction of Li}[A1(OR)4] \\ [R = C(H)(CF3)2] \text{ with TlF the initially desired Tl}[A1(OR)4] \text{ only formed}$

with an exact 1:1 stoichiometry, while an excess of TlF led to [T13F2Al(OR)3]+[Al(OR)4]-(1). Addnl. the x-ray single crystal structure of the byproduct [(ROH)TlAl(OR)3( $\mu$ -F)]2 (2) was determined Compds. 1 and 2 were characterized by x-ray single crystal structure detns. and 1 also by NMR spectroscopy and an elemental anal. In 1 the [Tl3F2Al(OR)3]+ cation forms a trigonal bipyramid with a pentacoordinate aluminum atom. Three Tl+ cations cover the [F2Al(OR)3]2- dianion core and the charge of the resulting [T13F2A1(OR)3]+ cation is compensated by a weakly coordinating [Al(OR)4] - anion. Compound 2 contains a centrosym. [Al(OR)3( $\mu$ -F)]22dianion core with pentacoordinate aluminum atoms building a distorted edge sharing double trigonal bipyramid. The [Al(OR)3( $\mu$ -F)]22- dianion coordinates two [Tl(ROH)]+ cations giving the non charged mol. [(R-OH)TlAl(OR)3( $\mu$ -F)]2 (2). Based on BP86/SVP (DFT-) and lattice enthalpy calcns. a pathway of the reaction is proposed to rationalize the formation of the [M3F2Al(OR)3]+ cation upon reaction of Li[Al(OR)4] with MF for M = Tl but not for M = Cs (cf Cs+ and Tl+ have very similar ionic radii). Using a suitable Born-Haber cycle and in agreement with the experiment, the enthalpies of the reaction of two M[Al(OR)4] with two MF giving [M3F2Al(OR)3]+[Al(OR)4]- and MOR are favorable for M = Tl by 127 kJ/mol but endothermic for the formation of the hypothetical [Cs3F2Al(OR)3]+[Al(OR)4]- by 95 kJ/mol. It is suggested that in the reaction leading to 1 initially T1[A1(OR)4] is formed, followed by an abstraction of TlOR and Al(OR)3. The latter very strong Lewis acid reacts subsequently with an excess of TlF yielding 1.

OSC.G 21 THERE ARE 21 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (22 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L5 ANSWER 7 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:125461 CAPLUS
- DN 136:394846
- TI Reactions of P4 and I2 with Ag[Al(OC(CF3)3)4]: from elusive polyphosphorus cations to subvalent P3I6+ and phosphorus rich P5I2+
- AU Krossing, Ingo
- CS University of Karlsruhe, Karlsruhe, 76128, Germany
- SO Journal of the Chemical Society, Dalton Transactions (2002), (4), 500-512
  - CODEN: JCSDAA; ISSN: 1472-7773
- PB Royal Society of Chemistry
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 136:394846
- Reactions of X2 (X = Br, I), P4 and Ag(CH2Cl2)[Al(OR)4] [R = C(CF3)3] in AΒ suitable ratios to prepare naked polyphosphorus cations were carried out and led to products which suggested these elusive cations as intermediates. At temps. >-30° to rt the initially formed cations decomposed the Al(OR)4- anion giving, in two cases, the more stable fluoride bridged (RO)3Al-F-Al(OR)3- anion. When Br2 was used as the oxidizing agent the proposed intermediate P cation (P5+) reacted with the solvent CDC13 by double insertion of a P+ unit into the C-Cl bond giving C12P(CDC12)2[(RO)3A1-F-A1(OR)3] (1). When I2 was used as the oxidizer the reaction led to the marginally stable P3I6[(RO)3Al-F-Al(OR)3] (2, x-ray characterization). By using very mild conditions throughout  $(-80^{\circ})$ the primary product of the reaction of Ag(P4)2[Al(OR)4] and I2 was isolated: P5I2[Al(OR)4] (3) containing the P5I2+ cation with a hitherto unknown C2v-sym. P5 cage as structural building block. P3I6[Al(OR)4] (4) was directly synthesized in quant. yield starting from P2I4, PI3 and Ag(CH2Cl2)[Al(OR)4] in CH2Cl2 solution P3I6+ is formed through the P2I5+ stage (31P-NMR). P3I6+ (average: P2.33) is the first subvalent P-X cation (X = H, F, Cl, Br, I). P5I2+ (average: P0.6) is the first P-rich binary P-X cation. They are the third and fourth example of a binary P-X cation after the known PX4+ and P2X5+ cations. The observed reactions were fully

accounted for by thermochem. Born-Haber cycles based on (RI-)MP2/TZVPP ab initio, COSMO solvation and lattice enthalpy calcns. (all phases). The gaseous enthalpies of formation of several species are (in kJ mol-1): P5+ (913), P3I6+ (694), P5I2+ (792), P2I5+ (733), Ag(P4)2+ (784).

OSC.G 37 THERE ARE 37 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (38 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 1998:321390 CAPLUS

DN 129:41181

OREF 129:8663a,8666a

TI The regioselectivity of 1,3-disubstituted allylmetal species towards electrophiles. 1-(Trimethylsilyl)alk-2-enylpotassium compounds

AU Schlosser, Manfred; Franzini, Livia

CS Institut Chimie Organique, Universite Lausanne, Lausanne, CH-1015, Switz.

SO Synthesis (1998), (5), 707-709 CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

PB Georg Thieme Verlag

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 129:41181

1-(Trimethylsilyl)alk-2-enylpotassium species are readily generated by deprotonation of (alk-2-enyl)trimethylsilanes with the superbasic mixture of BuLi and KOCMe3. Like the parent compound, [1-(trimethylsilyl)allyl]potassium, they react with a variety of electrophiles preferentially, if not exclusively, at the silyl-distant terminus of the allyl moiety, thus producing branched ene silanes. The opposite regioselectivity previously observed with MeI hence appears to be an exception.

OSC.G 23 THERE ARE 23 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (23 CITINGS)

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 1994:107378 CAPLUS

DN 120:107378

OREF 120:18973a, 18976a

TI A shortcut to  $\alpha\text{-santalol}$ 

AU Schlosser, Manfred; Zhong, Guo Fu

CS Inst. Chim. Org., Univ. Lausanne, Lausanne, CH-1005, Switz.

SO Tetrahedron Letters (1993), 34(34), 5441-4 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 120:107378

GΙ

AB  $\alpha$ -Santalol (Z-I) can be prepared from the readily available 8-bromotricyclene (II) in a one-flask procedure under perfect regio- and stereocontrol.

OSC.G 7 THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (7 CITINGS)

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 1989:224392 CAPLUS

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DN 110:224392
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OREF 110:37047a,37050a

- TI Formation of peroxo complexes containing boron and carbon from boron-11, carbon-13 and fluorine-19 NMR data
- AU Brovkin, O. V.; Chernyshov, B. N.
- CS Inst. Khim., USSR
- SO Zhurnal Neorganicheskoi Khimii (1989), 34(2), 299-303 CODEN: ZNOKAQ; ISSN: 0044-457X
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- AB The reactions of Na or K hydroxycarbonates in aqueous H2O2 solns. or MHCO3 (M = Na,K) with M2B3O3F4OH, M3B3O3F6 or MBF3OH in aqueous H2O2 solns. were studied by 13C, 11B and 19F NMR spectroscopy. In saturated aqueous H2O2, the hydroxycarbonates form HCO2(O2)-. The addition of the fluoroborates to these solns. yielded peroxo complexes with monodentate peroxide. The formation of BF4-n(HCO4)n-, B2F2(O2)2(HCO4)22- and B2F4-n(O2)2(HCO3)n2- was observed
- L5 ANSWER 11 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1988:562336 CAPLUS
- DN 109:162336
- OREF 109:26765a,26768a
- TI Redistribution of alkali methoxyfluoroborates in anhydrous methanol
- AU Plakhotnik, V. N.; Parkhomenko, N. G.; Kharchenko, L. V.; Sokolov, V. V.; Kopanev, V. D.
- CS USSR
- SO Voprosy Khimii i Khimicheskoi Tekhnologii (1987), 84, 34-8 CODEN: VKKCAJ; ISSN: 0321-4095
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- AB The redistribution reactions of M[BF3(OMe)] (M = Li, Na, K) were studied in MeOH by 19F NMR. The redistribution of BF3(OMe) led to BF4- and hydrolysis gave BF3(OH) -. The initial rate of the processes increased with a decrease of the cation size because of its polarizing effect on the inner coordination sphere. The redistribution of K[BF(OMe)3] is faster than that of K[BF3(OMe)]. K[BF(OMe)3] is converted to K[BF3(OMe)], K[B(OMe)4] and [B2F(OMe)6]-.
- L5 ANSWER 12 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1987:77709 CAPLUS
- DN 106:77709
- OREF 106:12617a,12620a
- TI Composition and structure of aluminum fluoro complexes in aqueous alcoholic solutions
- AU Kon'shin, V. V.; Chernyshov, B. N.; Ippolitov, E. G.
- CS Inst. Khim., Vladivostok, USSR
- SO Koordinatsionnaya Khimiya (1986), 12(10), 1345-50 CODEN: KOKHDC; ISSN: 0132-344X
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- AB Competitive solvation of fluoroaluminum complexes was studied in aqueous MeOH and aqueous EtOH solns. by 19F NMR spectra. In these solns, the fluoroaluminum complexes exist only as a monofluoro complex. With an increase of alc. concentration in the solns, successive substitution of H2O by the alc. occurred, in the solvation shell of monofluoroaluminum. Twelve 19F NMR signals are observed for all the theor, possible [AlF(H2O)m(ROH)5-m]2+ (n = 1-5).
- L5 ANSWER 13 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1985:588477 CAPLUS
- DN 103:188477
- OREF 103:30187a,30190a
- TI Boron-11, fluorine-19 NMR of solutions of hydroxofluoroborates in acetic

and peracetic acids

- AU Shchetinina, G. P.; Brovkina, O. V.; Chernyshov, B. N.
- CS USSR
- SO Zhurnal Neorganicheskoi Khimii (1985), 30(8), 2161-3 CODEN: ZNOKAQ; ISSN: 0044-457X
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- AB According to 11B and 19F NMR spectra of MBF3(OH) (M = NH4, K, Na), (NH4)2B3O3F4(OH), and Na3B3O3F6 in HOAc and HOOAc indicated nucleophilic substitution of OH- groups by OAc- and OOAc- groups occurred.
- L5 ANSWER 14 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1985:85235 CAPLUS
- DN 102:85235
- OREF 102:13301a,13304a
- TI Fluoride and chloride affinities of main group oxides, fluorides, oxofluorides, and alkyls. Quantitative scales of Lewis acidities from ion cyclotron resonance halide-exchange equilibria
- AU Larson, J. W.; McMahon, T. B.
- CS Dep. Chem., Univ. New Brunswick, Fredericton, NB, E3B 6E2, Can.
- SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (1985), 107(4), 766-73 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Accurate binding energies of F- and Cl- ions to a wide variety of Lewis acids including oxides, fluorides, oxofluorides, and alkyl derivs. of B, C, Si, P, As, and S were determined with ion cyclotron resonances halide-exchange equilibrium techniques. Magnitudes of Cl- and F- binding energies are discussed in terms of periodic trends, substituent effects, scales of Lewis acid hardness and softness, and empirical correlations. The limited data reveal not strong motivation for definitions of a hard-soft character of Lewis acids and bases in the gas phase. Useful new thermochem. data are derived for complex anions which are used to estimate crystal lattice energies for salts of complex Cl and F anions. Implications for new synthetic targets and potential catalytic agents are discussed.
- OSC.G 72 THERE ARE 72 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (72 CITINGS)
- L5 ANSWER 15 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1982:412651 CAPLUS
- DN 97:12651
- OREF 97:2181a,2184a
- TI Complexing of fluoride ion with boromethyl ether in methanol
- AU Plakhotnik, V. N.; Parkhomenko, N. G.; Gulivets, I. L.
- CS Dnepropetr. Inst. Inzh. Zheleznodorozhn. Transp., Dnepropetrovsk, USSR
- SO Koordinatsionnaya Khimiya (1982), 8(5), 631-5 CODEN: KOKHDC; ISSN: 0132-344X
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- AB The equilibrium F- + B(OMe)3 .dblharw. FB(OMe)3- was studied potentiometrically by using an F--selective electrode in the KF-B(OMe)0-MeOH system at 25 and 9°. The stability constant of FB(OMe)3- at 25° is (0.7-1.7) + 102 and at 9°, 8 + 102. The heat of reaction is -18 kcal/mol. A calorimetric study gave -20  $\pm$  2 kcal/mol and  $\Delta$ S = -57 entropy units.
- L5 ANSWER 16 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1981:113683 CAPLUS
- DN 94:113683
- OREF 94:18423a,18426a
- ${\tt TI}$  Study of methoxyfluoroborates in water-methanol solutions by a fluorine-19 NMR method

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AU Vasilyuk, N. S.; Chernyshov, B. N.
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- CS Inst. Khim., Sverdlovsk, USSR
- SO Koordinatsionnaya Khimiya (1981), 7(1), 78-81 CODEN: KOKHDC; ISSN: 0132-344X
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- AB According to 19F NMR spectra, H3BO3 reacts with NH4HF2 in aqueous MeOH to give [BF4-n(OMe)n]- (n = 1-3). The appearance of [BF2(OMe)2]- in aqueous MeOH solns. of NH4[BF3(OH)] is the result of the stepwise dissociation of [BF3(OMe)]- with the formation of [BF(OMe)3]- and [BF2(OMe)2]-.
- L5 ANSWER 17 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1979:65891 CAPLUS
- DN 90:65891
- OREF 90:10331a,10334a
- TI Complex fluoroanions in solution. IX. Boron trifluoride-anion complexes and their disproportionation
- AU Brownstein, S.; Latremouille, G.
- CS Div. Chem., Natl. Res. Counc. Canada, Ottawa, ON, Can.
- SO Canadian Journal of Chemistry (1978), 56(21), 2764-7 CODEN: CJCHAG; ISSN: 0008-4042
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Complex fluoroanions were prepared from BF3 and perchlorate, nitrate, nitrite, acetate, formate, azide, cyanate, thiocyanate, and thiophenolate ions. The complexes formed from the anions (X) of the strong acids, except the hydrogen halides, do not disproportionate to BF2(X)2-. Complexes of anions of weaker acids may disproportionate and/or complex a 2nd mol. of BF3. Regularities in F-B coupling consts. are tabulated.
- OSC.G 8 THERE ARE 8 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (8 CITINGS)
- L5 ANSWER 18 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1978:431595 CAPLUS
- DN 89:31595
- OREF 89:4801a,4804a
- TI Formic acid-aluminum trifluoride-water and formic acid-gallium trifluoride-water systems
- AU Opalovskii, A. A.; Gudimovich, T. F.; Kutovaya, L. M.; Popov, V. P.
- CS Odess. Gos. Univ., Odessa, USSR
- SO Zhurnal Neorganicheskoi Khimii (1978), 23(5), 1361-6 CODEN: ZNOKAQ; ISSN: 0044-457X
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- AB The 15° solubility isotherms were determined and solid phase compns. were established by the Schreinemacher's method. Crystallization branches include A1F3.3H2O, A1F3.HCOOH.3H2O, A1F3.3HCOOH.3H2O, GaF3.3HCOOH.3H2O, and GaF3.3HCOOH.3H2O.
- L5 ANSWER 19 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1976:144050 CAPLUS
- DN 84:144050
- OREF 84:23343a,23346a
- TI Synthesis and some properties of rubidium trimethoxyfluoroborate
- AU Plakhotnik, V. N.; Parkhomenko, N. G.
- CS Dnepropetr. Inst. Inzh. Zheleznodorozhn. Transp., Dnepropetrovsk, USSR
- SO Izvestiya Vysshikh Uchebnykh Zavedenii, Khimiya i Khimicheskaya Tekhnologiya (1976), 19(1), 156-7 CODEN: IVUKAR; ISSN: 0579-2991
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- AB Rb[BF(OMe)3] (I) was prepared by the reaction of RbF and B(OMe)3 (2-fold excess) in MeOH. I is readily soluble in MeOH and dioxane, slightly soluble in

EtOH and DMF, and insol. in C6H6, CCl4, Et2O, and petroleum ether. I is easily hydrolyzed and begins to melt at  $230-40^{\circ}$ . I decomps. to B(OMe)3 and RbF.

- L5 ANSWER 20 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1974:420331 CAPLUS
- DN 81:20331
- OREF 81:3229a,3232a
- TI Synthesis and properties of cesium trimethoxyfluoroborate
- AU Plakhotnik, V. N.; Parkhomenko, N. G.; Evsikov, V. V.
- CS Dnepropetr. Inst. Inzh. Zheleznodorozhn. Transp., Dnepropetrovsk, USSR
- SO Zhurnal Neorganicheskoi Khimii (1974), 19(5), 1260-3 CODEN: ZNOKAQ; ISSN: 0044-457X
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- AB CsF reacted with B(OMe)3 in anhydrous MeOH to give Cs[BF(OMe)3] which was characterized by NMR and ir spectra. Cs[BF(OMe)3] decomps. thermally to CsF and B(OMe)3 at  $240-320^{\circ}$ . The ir spectrum indicates the presence of a B-F bond.
- L5 ANSWER 21 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1971:60398 CAPLUS
- DN 74:60398
- OREF 74:9713a,9716a
- TI Reaction of trimethyl borate with sodium fluoride
- AU Ryss, I. G.; Parkhomenko, N. G.
- CS Dnpropetr. Inst. Inzh. Zheleznodorozhn. Transp., Dnepropetrovsk, USSR
- SO Zhurnal Neorganicheskoi Khimii (1970), 15(12), 3370-1 CODEN: ZNOKAQ; ISSN: 0044-457X
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- AB At 24°, the reaction of NaF with B(OMe)3 in MeOH solution gave a small yield of a solid, which contained mainly NaF and a very small concentration of optically anisotropic crystals. These crystals are probably Na[BF(OMe)3]. Chemical anal. revealed that the solid product contained a Na/F/B/OMe ratio of 1:1.01:0.155:0.63.
- L5 ANSWER 22 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1970:106640 CAPLUS
- DN 72:106640
- OREF 72:19285a,19288a
- TI Preparation of stable antimony(V)-nitrogen compounds
- AU Hass, Dieter; Cech, Dieter
- CS Sekt. Chem., Humboldt Univ. Berlin, Berlin, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Zeitschrift fuer Chemie (1970), 10(2), 75-6 CODEN: ZECEAL; ISSN: 0044-2402
- DT Journal
- LA German
- AB SbBr2(OEt)3 reacts with NH2Pr in Et2O to give Sb(NHPr)2(OEt)3 (I) which splits off PrNH2 in vacuum to give Sb(NHPr)2(OEt)3. Sb(NHCH2Ph)(OEt)3 was similarly prepared which splits off EtOH in vacuum to give Sb(NHCH2Ph)(NCH2Ph)(OEt)2. I was also obtained from Sb(OEt)5 and excess amine. I was treated with HCl to give SbCl2(OEt)3 and PrNH2.HCl. Fluorination of I with AsF3 gave SbF2(OEt)3 and AsF(NPr). Sb(OEt)5 and HF gave SbF2(OEt)3. SbF2(OEt)3 was treated with PrNH2 to give SbF2(OEt)2NHPr which splits off EtOH in vacuum to give a cyclic compound [SbF2(OEt)NPr]n. SbF2(OEt)3 reacted with PhNH2 to give SbF2(OEt)2NHPh.
- L5 ANSWER 23 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1970:42640 CAPLUS
- DN 72:42640
- OREF 72:7799a,7802a

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Aminolysis of fluoroarsenic(V) alcoholates
ТΤ
ΑU
    Hass, Dieter; Cech, Ingrid
CS
     Sek. Chem., Humboldt-Univ. Berlin, Berlin, Fed. Rep. Ger.
SO
     Zeitschrift fuer Chemie (1969), 9(11), 432
     CODEN: ZECEAL; ISSN: 0044-2402
DT
     Journal
LA
     German
GΙ
     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
     As(OMe)4F and PrNH2 was refluxed to give As(OMe)3(NHPr)F which split off
     MeOH in vacuum to give As(OMe)2(NPr)F (I). The mol. weight determination
indicated I
     to be dimeric with 2 bridging NPr groups. I was also formed by the
     reaction of As(OMe)3F2 and excess PrNH2. As(OMe)4F and RNH2, such as
     PhCH2NH2, was refluxed to give dimeric II.
    ANSWER 24 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
L5
     1970:18060 CAPLUS
ΑN
     72:18060
DN
OREF 72:3287a,3290a
ΤI
    Acidolysis of orthoarsenic acid esters
ΑU
    Hass, Dieter; Cech, Ingrid
CS
     Humboldt-Univ., Berlin, Fed. Rep. Ger.
SO
     Zeitschrift fuer Chemie (1969), 9(10), 384-5
     CODEN: ZECEAL; ISSN: 0044-2402
DT
     Journal
LA
    German
    As(OMe)5 reacted with equimolar amts. of HF to give FAs(OMe)4, which was
AB
     stable in vacuo <30°. ClAs(OMe)4, prepared similarly, was very
     unstable and decomposed to OAs (OMe)3 and MeCl. As(OMe)5 reacted with 2
     moles HF to give unstable FeAs(OMe)3. The reaction of As(OMe)5 with >1
    mole HCl led to the reduction of As(V) to As(III).
    ANSWER 25 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
L5
    1968:464182 CAPLUS
AN
     69:64182
DN
OREF 69:11987a,11990a
ΤI
    Fluoromethoxyborates
ΑU
     Kolditz, Lothar; Lung, Cheng-Shou
CS
     Humboldt-Univ., Berlin, Fed. Rep. Ger.
     Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (1968),
SO
     360(1-2), 25-30
     CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313
DT
    Journal
LA
    German
    M[BFn(OMe) 4-n] (I), M = Na or K, n = 2 or 3, were prepared (80-95% yield) in
AB
     Et20 at -40^{\circ}; I (n = 1) was prepared at 54^{\circ}. I (n = 1) were
     least thermally stable and produced the fluoride and boric acid ester on
     decomposition; I, n > 1, produced fluoride, tetrafluoroborate, and boric acid
     ester on decomposition X-ray diffraction line diagrams of the I compds. are
     shown.
     ANSWER 26 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
L5
     1968:118887 CAPLUS
ΑN
     68:118887
DΝ
OREF 68:22923a
     Synthesis and properties of potassium trimethoxyfluoroboarate K[BF(OCH3)3]
ΤI
ΑU
     Ryss, I. G.; Plakhotnik, V. N.
CS
     Dnepropetrovsk. Inst. Inzh. Zheleznodorozh. Transp., Dnepropetrovsk, USSR
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Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR (1968), 178(5), 1102-5

CODEN: DANKAS; ISSN: 0002-3264

SO

DТ

LA

Journal Russian

- AB B(OMe)3 (0.0854 mole) was added to a mixture of 0.084 mole KF with 20 ml. MeOH, cooled to 0°. The resulting viscous solution was filtered and the filtrate treated with 80 ml. anhydrous Et20 to yield 8.75 g. (67%) K[BF(OMe)3] (I). In aqueous solns. I is hydrolyzed to H3BO3, F-, and MeOH. At >154°, I decompose forming KF and B(OMe)3.
- OSC.G 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)
- L5 ANSWER 27 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1968:86792 CAPLUS
- DN 68:86792
- OREF 68:16699a,16702a
- TI Fluorine-containing compounds of Group V elements. XXI. Composition of fluoroarsenic acid esters and preparation of fluoroalkoxo-, hexaalkoxo-, and dialkoxoarsenates
- AU Kolditz, Lothar; Riesel, Gisela
- CS Humboldt-Univ., Berlin, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (1967), 355(3-4), 170-5 CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313
- DT Journal
- LA German
- AB Under strong stirring and at 0°, AsF3 was added dropwise to O:As(OEt)3 in a mole ratio of 2:1 to give an oligomer of fluoroarsenic acid Et ester (I). The oligomer of fluoroarsenic acid Me ester (II) was similarly prepared Treatment of As(OMe)5 with CsF in a mole ratio of 1:1 in MeOH at 0° gave Cs[AsF(OMe)5]. The reaction of O:As(OMe)3 with CsF in a mole ratio of 1:3 in MeOH gave Cs[AsF3(OMe)3]. Similarly prepared was Cs[AsF3(OEt)3]. The reaction of I in EtOH with MF (M = K, Cs) gave M[AsF5OEt]. Similarly prepared were K[AsF4(OMe)2] and Cs[AsF5OMe]. Treatment of O:As(OMe)3 in MeOH with Li in MeOH at room temperature in a mole ratio of 1:1 gave Li[As(OMe)6] and LiAsO2(OMe)2. The thermal decomposition of Li[As(OMe)6] at 180° gave As(OMe)5.
- L5 ANSWER 28 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1963:447906 CAPLUS
- DN 59:47906
- OREF 59:8598c-d
- TI Halogen derivatives of salts of organic acids
- IN Marks, Burton S.; Schoepfle, Blaine O.
- PA Hooker Chemical Corp.
- SO 3 pp.; Continuation-in-part of U.S. 2,996,528 (CA 56, 4623d)
- DT Patent
- LA Unavailable
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
ΡI	US 3080406		19630305	US 1960-75927	19601215 <			
PRAI	US		19601215					

AB Compds. of the general formula (RCO2)3SbX2 are prepared by adding the stoichiometric amount of F, Cl, or Br to (RCO2)3Sb; R is an alkyl radical of 3 to 12 carbon atoms, an aryl radical, or an aralkyl radical. Thus, 0.02 mole of Br was added to 0.02 mole of Sb caprylate in CCl4. The Br color was dissipated rapidly on addition of 80%, slowly on standing on addition of the

last 20%. The solvent was removed to give an orange oil, which could not be purified further. The salts are used as fire-retarding additives in polyesters.

- OSC.G 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)
- L5 ANSWER 29 OF 29 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 1961:129718 CAPLUS
- DN 55:129718

OREF 55:24363c-q Fluorine-containing compounds of Group V elements. XIII. Monomeric fluoarsenic acid esters ΑU Kolditz, Lothar; Hass, Dieter Friedrich Schiller Univ., Jena, Germany CS Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (1961), 307, SO 290-303 CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313 DT Journal Unavailable LA cf. CA 54, 8396q. Esters of mono- and difluoarsenic acids were prepared AB from esters of arsenic acid and HF or AsF3 by one or more of the following syntheses:  $2HF + OAs(OR)3 \rightarrow F2AsO(OR) + 2ROH; HF + OAs(OR)3$  $\rightarrow$  FAsO(OR)2 + ROH; OAs(OR)3 + F2AsO(OR)  $\rightarrow$ ROH 2FAsO(OR)2; OAs(OR)3 + AsF3 →ROH F2AsOR + FAsO(OR)2; OAs(OR)3 + 2AsF3 →ROH 2F2AsOR + F2AsO(OR). Mixed esters were prepared by starting with mixed esters of arsenic acid or, in syntheses requiring ROH, a different alc. from that involved in the arsenic acid ester. The 1 mol. ROH always associated with 1 mol. of ester could not be removed without decomposing the ester. The probable structures, FAs(OH)(OEt)3 and F2As(OH)(OEt)2, were supported by infrared spectroscopy. The following were isolated: FAs(OH)(OMe)3, b3-5 40-3°; FAs(OH)(OMe)2(OEt), b3-5  $47-9^{\circ}$ ; FAs(OH)(OMe)(OEt)2, b3-5 54-6°; FAs(OH)(OEt)3, b3-5 55-8°; FAs(OH)(OPr)3, b3-5 78-81°; F2As(OH)(OMe)(OEt), m. 66-8°; F2As(OH)(OEt)2, m. 40-2°; F2AsOMe, b. 65°; F2AsOEt, b. 75°; F2AsOPr, b. 95°; F2AsOBu, b. 107°. Even at relatively low concns. in nonpolar solvents the fluoesters condense, probably by H bonding between OH groups and F atoms. Conductivity data for FAs(OH)(OMe)3, FAs(OH)(OMe)2(OEt), FAs(OH)(OEt)3, FAs(OH)(OPr)3, F2As(OH)(OMe)(OEt), and F2As(OH)(OEt)2 show that these esters are dissociated in MeCN at 20°; the order of conductivity is Me > Et > Pr. Values for the mixed esters fall between those for the Me and Et compds. Mol.-weight detns. in MeCN show that the dissociation is  $2FAs(OH)(OR)3 \rightarrow As(OH)(OR)3+ +$ As(OH)(OR)3F2-. Transport expts. for FAs(OH)(OEt)3 and F2As(OH)(OEt)2 in MeCN confirm the F- transfer. ---Logging off of STN---=> Executing the logoff script... => LOG Y SINCE FILE COST IN U.S. DOLLARS TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 121.46 307.56 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

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chain nodes:
2 3 4 5 7 8 10
chain bonds:
2-5 2-3 2-4 3-8 4-10 5-7
exact/norm bonds:

2-5 2-3 2-4 3-8 4-10 5-7

G1:B, Al, Ga, In, P

G2:Cb,Cy,Hy,Ak

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L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d his

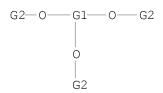
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:33:15 ON 11 DEC 2009)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:33:48 ON 11 DEC 2009 L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 11

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



G1 B, Al, Ga, In, P

G2 Cb, Cy, Hy, Ak

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

50 ANSWERS

=> s 11

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 12:34:17 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 43381 TO ITERATE

4.6% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 855171 TO 880069

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 87476 TO 95590

L2 50 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s 11 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 12:34:28 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 866908 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 866908 ITERATIONS ( 2 INCOMPLETE) 97771 ANSWERS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.11

L3 97771 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 187.32 187.54

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:36:04 ON 11 DEC 2009
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 11 Dec 2009 VOL 151 ISS 25 FILE LAST UPDATED: 10 Dec 2009 (20091210/ED) REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Oct 2009 USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Aug 2009

CAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2009.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13 L4 131193 L3

=> s 14 and py<=2004 25161918 PY<=2004 L5 110765 L4 AND PY<=2004

=> s 15 and partially fluorinated 369980 PARTIALLY 43183 FLUORINATED 1316 PARTIALLY FLUORINATED

(PARTIALLY(W)FLUORINATED)
L6 10 L5 AND PARTIALLY FLUORINATED

=> d 1-10 bib abs

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 2002:582016 CAPLUS

DN 137:263392

TI Controlling the Energy Levels of Conducting Polymers. Hydrogen versus Fluorine in Poly(dialkylterphenylenevinylene)s

AU Krebs, Frederik C.; Jorgensen, Mikkel

CS Danish Polymer Centre, Riso National Laboratory, Roskilde, DK-4000, Den.

SO Macromolecules (2002), 35(19), 7200-7206 CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB The control of the position of the energy levels in conducting polymers

```
through fluorine substitution is demonstrated. The synthesis of four
     different monomers and polymers of the poly(terphenylenevinylene) type is
     presented. The synthetic procedure started with
     4-bromo-2,5-dioctylphenylboronic acid (1) coupled by the Suzuki method
     with 4-bromobenzaldehyde to give 4'-bromo-2',5'-dioctyl-4-formylbiphenyl
     (2) that was again coupled by the Suzuki method with
     4-diethylphosphonylmethylphenylboronic acid and 4-cyanomethylphenylboronic
     acid to give the monomers 4''-diethylphosphonylmethyl-2',5'-dioctyl-4-
     formylterphenyl (3) and 4''-cyanomethyl-2',5'-dioctyl-4-formylterphenyl
     (4). The partially fluorinated analogous monomers
     were prepared similarly employing 2,5-difluoro-3,6-diperfluorooctyl-1,4-
     dibromobenzene. This gave 4-bromo-2,5-difluoro-3,6-diperfluorooctyl-4'-
     diethylphosphonylmethylbiphenyl (5) and
     4-bromo-2,5-difluoro-3,6-diperfluorooctyl-4'-cyanomethylbiphenyl (6).
     Compds. 5 and 6 were both subjected to Suzuki couplings with
     4-formylphenylboronic acid to give resp.
     4-formyl-2',5'-difluoro-3',6'-diperfluorooctyl-4''-
     diethylphosphonylmethylterphenyl (7) and
     4-formyl-2',5'-difluoro-3',6'-diperfluorooctyl-4''-cyanomethylterphenyl
     (8). The monomers 3, 4, 7, and 8 were polymerized to give the polymers
     poly(2',5'-dioctyl-4,4''-terphenylenevinylene) (9),
     poly(2',5'-dioctyl-4,4''-terphenylenecyanovinylene) (10),
     poly(2',5'-difluoro-3',6'-diperfluorooctyl-4,4''-terphenylenevinylene)
     (11), and poly(2',5'-difluoro-3',6'-diperfluorooctyl-4,4''-
     terphenylenecyanovinylene) (12). Thin films of the polymers on polycryst.
     gold substrates were subjected to UPS, and the ionization potentials were
     determined to be 4.85, 4.60, 4.75, and 5.95 eV for 9, 10, 11, and 12 resp.
     positions of the highest occupied energy levels were determined to be 1.45,
     2.65, 2.25, and 3.05 eV lower than that of gold for 9, 10, 11, and 12,
     resp. Fluorine and cyano substitution thus allows for an energy level
     tuning by as much as 1.6 eV.
               THERE ARE 26 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (26 CITINGS)
OSC.G 26
RE.CNT 16
               THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
               ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L6
     ANSWER 2 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ΑN
     2002:172022 CAPLUS
DN
     136:224305
ΤI
     Partially fluorinated liquid crystal material
     Wand, Michael; Gough, Neil; Chen, Xin Hua
ΤN
PA
     Displaytech, Inc., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 91 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
    English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
                         KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
     _____
                          ____
                                  _____
                                              ______
     WO 2002018514 A1 20020307 WO 2001-US27182 20010831 <--
PΤ
         W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
             DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL,
         TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
              BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 20030017278
                         A1 20030123 US 2001-854181
                                                                       20010511 <--
     US 7083832
                          В2
                                 20060801
PRAI US 2001-854181 B2 20060801

B2 20060801

AU 2001085364 A 20020313

P 20000901

B2 20060801

AU 20010511
                                             AU 2001-85364 20010831 <--
```

WO 2001-US27182 20010831 W

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

MARPAT 136:224305

The invention provides LC compns. that exhibit V-shaped switching when AΒ aligned in an analog device configuration and exhibit bistable switching when aligned in a bookshelf-type device configuration. The invention more specifically provides LC compns. of (R = fluorinated alkyl, ether; A, B, C = 5-6 aromatic rings each substituted with 1-4 fluorines and CH can be substituted with N, O, S; d = 0, 1; D = COO, OOC, CH2CH2, double bond, triple bond; Y = C1-6 alkyl, fluorinated alkyl; R1 = nonchiral tail alkyl with CH2 group replaced by O, S, etc.) which exhibit bistable switching as well as V-shaped switching when aligned in appropriate device configurations. The invention also provides methods of using the compds. of the invention in making LC compns. and electrooptical devices comprising an aligned layer of the compns. of this invention.

THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS) OSC.G RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L6 ANSWER 3 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- ΑN 2000:811156 CAPLUS
- DN 134:72145
- Stress Optical Behavior of Partially Fluorinated ΤI Aliphatic Polyesters
- Reiss-Nunes, Regina C.; Riande, Evaristo; Guzman, Julio; Chavez, Nelson A. ΑU
- Instituto de Ciencia y Tecnologia de Polimeros, CSIC, Madrid, 28006, Spain Macromolecules (2000), 33(25), 9464-9467 CS
- SO CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297
- PΒ American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ Thermoelastic networks were prepared by end-linking hydroxyl-terminated poly(neopentyl glycol hexafluoroglutarate) using tris(p-isocyanate phenyl) thiophosphate as crosslinking agent. The plot of birefringence vs. stress exhibits neg. deviations from linearity at elongation ratios larger than 1.9. The value of the optical configuration parameter  $\Delta a$  is 2.98  $m \AA3$  at 5  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  . Theor. calcns. carried out using the rotational isomeric state model give for this parameter the value of 2.24 Å3, in fair agreement with the exptl. results. The cause of the strong discrepancies between the theor. and exptl. results observed for the optical configuration parameter of polyesters containing Ph groups in the acid residue is discussed.
- OSC.G 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS) RE.CNT 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- ANSWER 4 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN L6
- 1999:819077 CAPLUS AN
- 132:51027 DN
- Peroxide-curable fluoroelastomers and preparation thereof for seals having TIimproved mechanical properties, compression set and mold-release properties
- ΙN Apostolo, Marco; Albano, Margherita
- Ausimont S.P.A., Italy PΑ
- Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp. SO CODEN: EPXXDW
- DTPatent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
ΡI	EP 967248	A1	19991229	EP 1999-111563	19990615 <		

```
20040825
     EP 967248
                          В1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                 20000707
     IT 1301780
                          В1
                                            IT 1998-MI1429
                                                                     19980623 <--
     ES 2226237
                          Т3
                                            ES 1999-111563
                                 20050316
                                                                     19990615
     KR 2000006329
                          Α
                                 20000125
                                            KR 1999-23371
                                                                     19990621 <--
     JP 2000034381
                          Α
                                 20000202
                                             JP 1999-174770
                                                                     19990621 <--
     JP 4219492
                          В2
                                 20090204
     BR 9907309
                          Α
                                 20001031
                                             BR 1999-7309
                                                                     19990621 <--
     US 6323283
                                 20011127
                                             US 1999-334562
                                                                     19990621 <--
                          В1
PRAI IT 1998-MI1429
                                 19980623
                          Α
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
     MARPAT 132:51027
AB
     Curable fluoroelastomers containing diolefin units are formed from (a) 20-70
     weight% of a fluoroelastomer having Mooney viscosity, ML(1+10) at 121°
     (ASTM D 1646) >60 and containing 0.01-3 weight% iodine; (b) 0-70 weight% of a
     fluoroelastomer [ML(1+10) 20-60] containing 0.2-5 weight% iodine; (c) 5-60
weight%
     of a fluoroelastomer [ML(1+10) \ 1-20] containing >0.3 weight% iodine, and
     R1R2C:CR3ZCR4:CR5R6, where R1-R6 are independently H or C1-5 alkyl; Z is a
     linear or branched C1-18 (cyclo)alkylene, optionally containing oxygen atoms,
     preferably at least partially fluorinated, or
     (per)fluoropolyoxyalkylene. Thus, vinylidene fluoride (I) 60, perfluoromethyl vinyl ether (II) 34, and tetrafluoroethylene (III) 6 mol%
     were added to an aqueous perfluoropolyoxyalkylene microemulsion prepared from
     32.34 \text{ mL CF30}[\text{CF2CF}(\text{CF3})0]n(\text{CF2O})m\text{CF2COOH} (n/m = 10, average mol. weight 600)
and
     CF30[CF2CF(CF3)]On(CF2O)mCF3 (n/m = 20, average mol. weight 450) at 85° to
     30 bar pressure, g ammonium persulfate initiator, 56.3 g
     1,6-diiodoperfluorohexane chain-transfer agent, and 27.8 g
     CH2:CH(CF2)6CH:CH2 (IV) were added incrementally with addition of a 75:17:8 M
     I-II-III mixture to maintain the pressure at 30 bar, giving, after 135 min,
     a latex of 78.5:17.5:4 M I-II-III copolymer containing IV units and having
     ML(1+10) 44. Two similar copolymer latexes prepared with different amts. of
     chain-transfer agent and having ML(1+10) 94 and 7, were cocoagulated (40
     and 20 weight%, resp.,) with 40 weight% of the above latex, giving overall
     ML(1+10) 50. A cured mixture of the cocoagulated latexes 100, Luperco 101XL
     2, Drimix TAIC 4.5, ZnO 4, Akrochem blue 602C 0.3, BaSO4 35, and Tremin
     283-600EST 35 parts showed modulus at 100% 6.0 MPa, stress at break 12.0
     MPa, elongation at break 330%, Shore A hardness 76, and compression set of
     O-ring (70 h at 200°) 23%, compared with 5.2, 8.0, 249, 72, and 29,
     resp., using a single I-II-III-IV copolymer latex having ML(1+10) 48.
       3
              THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 3
              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 5 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
L6
     1998:640687 CAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     129:309888
OREF 129:63079a,63082a
TI
     Intercalated compounds of fluorinated graphite with tributyl phosphate
ΑU
     Paasonen, V. M.; Nazarov, A. S.
CS
     Inst. Neorg. Khim., SO RAN, Novosibirsk, Russia
     Zhurnal Neorganicheskoi Khimii (1998), 43(8), 1280-1281
     CODEN: ZNOKAQ; ISSN: 0044-457X
PΒ
     MAIK Nauka
DT
     Journal
LA
     Russian
     The existence of relatively stable (at room temperature) stage 1 intercalation
     compds. of partially fluorinated graphite with Bu3PO4
     was established.
              THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)
OSC.G 2
```

```
ANSWER 6 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
L6
    1994:659462 CAPLUS
ΑN
DN
    121:259462
OREF 121:47287a,47290a
TI Lubricants and magnetic recording media using the lubricants
ΙN
     Kondo, Hirofumi; Uchiumi, Toshiharu; Kojika, Yukihiro
PΑ
     Sony Corp., Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 37 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
                       ____
     JP 06145687
                        A
                              19940527
                                           JP 1992-321478
                                                                 19921106 <--
PΙ
     US 5431833
                                          US 1993-147549
                        A
                               19950711
                                                                 19931105 <--
PRAI JP 1992-321478
                        Α
                               19921106
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
OS
    MARPAT 121:259462
AΒ
    Lubricants for coating on magnetic recording media comprise ester compds.
     of perfluoropolyethers having terminal OH- or COOH groups and long-chain
     alkyl carboxylic acids or alcs. and 0.01-100 mol (vs. esters) long-chain
     alkyl amines. Long-chain alkyl groups of the carboxylic acids or alcs.
     are partially fluorinated, preferably, perfluorinated
     alkyl groups. The lubricants can further contain \geq 1 of additives
     selected from phosphoric acid esters, phosphorous acid esters and
     long-chain carboxylic acid esters.
OSC.G 4
             THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (4 CITINGS)
    ANSWER 7 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
1.6
    1990:477669 CAPLUS
ΑN
    113:77669
DN
OREF 113:13135a,13138a
    Reduction-olefination of esters: a new and efficient synthesis of
ΤI
     \alpha-fluoro \alpha, \beta-unsaturated esters
ΑU
     Thenappan, Alagappan; Burton, Donald J.
CS
     Dep. Chem., Univ. Iowa, Iowa City, IA, 52242, USA
SO
     Journal of Organic Chemistry (1990), 55(15), 4639-42
    CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
DT
    Journal
LA
    English
OS
    CASREACT 113:77669
AB
    A reduction-olefination sequence was used to convert esters to \alpha\text{-fluoro}
     \alpha,\beta-unsatd. esters. Esters are reduced with Dibal to
     aldehydes, which react in situ with [(EtO)2P(O)CFOOEt]- Li+ to form the
     title compds. in good yields with high stereoselectivity. The reaction is
     applicable to aliphatic, aromatic, cyclic, unsatd., perfluorinated, and
     partially fluorinated esters. The E/Z ratio of unsatd.
     esters formed in the reaction varies with the cations present in the
     reaction mixture Solvents have very little influence on stereochem.
     sequential transformation of BzOBu to (E)-PhCO:CFCOOEt and then to
     (E,E)-PhCH:CFCH:CFCOOEt illustrates the scope of this methodol., which
     introduces an F atom adjacent to an ester functionality with concomitant
     elongation of the chain by 2 C atoms.
OSC.G 48
             THERE ARE 48 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (48 CITINGS)
1.6
    ANSWER 8 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
AN
    1976:4581 CAPLUS
     84:4581
```

Synthesis of partially fluorinated phosphoric diaryl

DN

OREF 84:773a,776a

- esters and dialkyl esters and their potential application as additives and/or base oils
- ΑU Lindinger, H.; Fanghaenel, L.
- Inst. Flugtreib-Schmierst., Dtsch. Forsch.- und Versuchsanst. Luft- und CS Raumfahrt e.V., Munich, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- Dtsch. Luft- Raumfahrt, Forschungsber. (1974), DLR-FB 74-69, 35 SO pp. CODEN: DLRFA8
- DT Report
- German LA
- POC13 reacted with ROH, and R10H, to give 8 (RO)(R10)PC10 (I; R = Ph, R1 AB = 3-MeOC6H4; R = Ph, 2-, 3- or 4-MeOC6H4, 2-C1C6H4, 4,2-MeC1C6H3, or1-naphthyl, R1 = 3-F3CC6H4), or it reacted with 2 moles phenol to give I (R = R1 = Ph, 2-C1C6H4, 2- or 4-MeC6H4, or 2,4-MeC1C6H3). I then reacted with R2OH to give 18 (RO)(R1O)(R2O)PO (II; R and R1 same as in I, R2 = CF3CH2, n-C3F7CH2, or H(CF2)nCH2, where n=6, 8, or 10). II were evaluated as lubricants and as lubricant additives (to BuCHEtCH2O2C (CH2) 8CO2CH2CHEtBu).
- ANSWER 9 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN 1.6
- ΑN 1974:449794 CAPLUS
- DN 81:49794
- OREF 81:7955a,7958a
- Rotational isomerism in partially fluorinated ТΤ carbonyl(acetyl)cobalt complexes
- Lindner, Ekkehard; Zipper, Michael ΑU
- Univ. Tuebingen, Tuebingen, Fed. Rep. Ger. CS
- SO Chemische Berichte (1974), 107(5), 1444-55 CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940
- DT Journal
- LA German
- AΒ (XFCHCO) 20 (X = H and F) reacted with Na[Co(CO) 4] or Na[Co(CO) 3P(OPh) 3] togive XFCHCOCo(CO)4 or XFCHCOCo(CO)3P(OPh)3 (I), resp., which were decarbonylated at  $0-70^{\circ}$  to give XFCHCo(CO)4 or XFCHCo(CO)3P(OPh)3, resp. I (X = H) and the known FCH2COCo(CO)3PPh3 were present as rotational isomers at -100 to  $+80^{\circ}$ . Theor. considerations showed that a hindered rotation about the C-C bond is preferred to that about the Co-Cacyl bond. On the basis of the ir spectra all the acetyl and methyl complexes possess pseudo-C3v symmetry. The mass and 1H-NMR spectra are reported.
- OSC.G 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)
- L6 ANSWER 10 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- ΑN 1972:556976 CAPLUS
- 77:156976 DN
- OREF 77:25767a,25770a
- ΤI Synergic solvent extraction of lanthanides with mixtures of aliphatic fluorinated  $\beta$ -diketones and organophosphorus donors
- ΑU Mitchell, James W.; Banks, Charles V.
- Inst. At. Res., Iwoa State Univ., Ames, IA, USA Talanta (1972), 19(10), 1157-69CS
- SO CODEN: TLNTA2; ISSN: 0039-9140
- DTJournal
- English LA
- The extraction of lanthanides from an aqueous acetate-chloride medium into cyclohexane solns. of trifluoroacetyl-acetone, hexafluoroacetylacetone, 6,6,7,7,8,8,8-heptafluoro-2,2-dimethyl-3,5-octanedione and (BuO)3PO was studied. The extraction properties of other fluorinated aliphatic  $\beta$ -diketones and fluoro-organophosphates were also investigated. The efficiency of the extraction of the lanthanides, the composition of the complexes

transferred to the organic phase and the extraction and stability consts. for t.he

synergic reactions were determined Synergic extraction, as a technique for the preparation of lanthanide species, was evaluated for compatibility with subsequent gas chromatog. The lanthanides were rapidly and quant. transferred into organic phases containing mixts. of fluorinated aliphatic  $\beta$ -diketones and (BuO)3PO. The resulting mixed complexes that contained fully fluorinated  $\beta$ -diketones had a distinct stoichiometry and were thermodynamically more stable than similar mixed complexes of partially fluorinated  $\beta$ -diketones. These properties of the synergic systems allow precise control of the formation of anhydrous complexes in the organic phase and are compatible with the use of these systems for gas chromatog.

OSC.G 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (4 CITINGS)

=> s 15 and completely fluorinated 422987 COMPLETELY 43183 FLUORINATED 136 COMPLETELY FLUORINATED

(COMPLETELY (W) FLUORINATED)

L7 1 L5 AND COMPLETELY FLUORINATED

=> d bib abs

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 1995:695868 CAPLUS

DN 123:111550

OREF 123:19921a,19924a

TI Fluorinated hydrocarbon compound, process for producing the same, and refrigerator oil and magnetic recording medium lubricant

IN Ide, Satoshi; Fujiwara, Katsuki; Yamana, Masayuki; Honda, Yoshitaka; Yamamoto, Ikuo; Yamaguchi, Fumihiko; Seki, Eiji; Otsuka, Tatsuya; Ishida, Satoshi

PA Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 220 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

r An .	PATENT NO.		APPLICATION NO.				
PI	WO 9417023		WO 1994-JP84				
			GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,	NL, PT, SE			
	CA 2154453	A1 19940804	CA 1994-2154453				
	CA 2154453						
	AU 9458658		AU 1994-58658	19940121 <			
	AU 688300			100101			
	EP 677504		EP 1994-904753	19940121 <			
	EP 677504			MC NI DT CE			
			GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, BR 1994-6760				
			CN 1994-191263				
		A 19960306 C 20060906		19940121 <			
	EP 911312		EP 1998-123495	10040121			
	EP 911312 EP 911312			19940121 <			
				CE MC DT TE			
	RU 2145592		GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, RU 1995-117102				
	JP 3324117	B2 20020917					
	AT 251104	1 20031013	AT 1994-904753				
	AT 280749		AT 1998-123495				
	US 6019909		US 1995-492041	19950721 <			
PRAI	JP 1993-9035	U 19930122					

EP 1994-904753 A3 19940121 WO 1994-JP84 W 19940121 ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT OS CASREACT 123:111550; MARPAT 123:111550 GI

Q=
$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ (CF_3)_2CF \\ (CF_3)_2CF \end{array} C = C \\ R \qquad I \\ \begin{array}{c} CI \\ CI \\ HCFCCF_2O(CH_2CHCH_2O)_nCF_2CFH \\ OCF_2CFCFH \\ CI \end{array} \qquad III \\ \end{array}$$

A novel fluorinated hydrocarbon compound containing an oxygen or sulfur atom in its mol., e.g., R1R3C:CR2XR4 (R1, R2, R3 = F, partially or completely fluorinated C1-30 linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl optionally substituted by halogens other then F; R4 = C1-30 linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl or poly ether optionally substituted by halogens other then F; X = O, S) is prepared by the nucleophilic reaction of a fluorine compound, e.g., R1R3C:CR2F (R1 - R3 = same as above) with a hydrocarbon compound, e.g., H-XR4 (R4 = same as above). This compound is useful as a lubricant for various applications and particularly excellent as an oil for refrigerators wherein hydrochlorofluorocarbon is used as the refrigerant and as a magnetic recording medium lubricant. Thus, a mixture of perfluorononene (I; R = F), phenol, and DMF was treated with Et3N at  $\leq$ 25° to give 71% perfluorononenyl Ph ether I (R = OPh) which was alkylated with chloromethyl Me ether in fuming H2SO4 at 15° to give 71% p-perfluorononenyloxybenzyl chloride I (R = p-chloromethylphenoxy). The latter benzyl chloride was condensed with (EtO)3P(O) at 150° to give 84% di-Et p-perfluorononenyloxybenzylphosphonate I (R = Q). A magnetic tape prepared by coating a polyethylene phthalate film with a magnetic coating containing title compound (II) as a lubricating oil showed coefficient of friction 0.22

0.40 for a magnetic tape containing F(CF2CF2CF2O)nCF2CF3.

OSC.G 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> s 15 and perfluorinated

6862 PERFLUORINATED
L8 50 L5 AND PERFLUORINATED

=> s 18 and aluminum 1131954 ALUMINUM

WS.

L9 0 L8 AND ALUMINUM

=> s 18 and aluminium 18977 ALUMINIUM L10 0 L8 AND ALUMINIUM => s 18 and boron

269789 BORON

L11 0 L8 AND BORON

=> s 18 and gallium

353739 GALLIUM

L12 0 L8 AND GALLIUM

=> s 18 and indium

243564 INDIUM

L13 0 L8 AND INDIUM

=> s 18 and phosphorus

365280 PHOSPHORUS

L14 3 L8 AND PHOSPHORUS

=> d 1-3 bib abs

L14 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 1997:701402 CAPLUS

DN 127:307608

OREF 127:60173a,60176a

TI Preparation and hemolysis of amphiphilic perfluorinated glycophospholipids and polyethyleneglycols with liposomal compositions as surfactants and emulsifiers

IN Riess, Jean G.; Greiner, Jacques; Milius, Alain; Vierling, Pierre;
Guillod, Frederic; Gaentzler, Sylvie

PA Alliance Pharmaceutical Corp., USA

SO U.S., 21 pp., Division of U.S. Ser. No. 893,227. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
ΡI	US 5679459	A	19971021	US 1995-467467	19950606 <		
	US 5846516	Α	19981208	US 1992-893227	19920603 <		
PRAI	US 1992-893227	A3	19920603				

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT OS MARPAT 127:307608

AB Perfluoroalkylated amphiphilic phosphorus compds., R1R2CHXP(V)YZ and R2R3CH(CH2)mXP(V)YZ (V = 0, S; X = 0, S, NH, iminoalkyl; R1, R2, R3 = H or (un)substituted perfluoroalkylated or hydrocarbon radicals; Y, Z = sugar, polyol, hydrophilic polymer such as polyethyleneglycol; m = 1-20) were prepared as surfactants. These compds. can be included in prepns., emulsions, dispersions, gels, microemulsions, notably for biomedical uses. Thus, [2-(perfluorooctyl)ethyl]-6-D-glucosyl sodium phosphate (I) was prepared as surfactants and tested for hemolysis (30 g/L) and toxicity in mice (dose = 125, survival 10/10). Formulation of perfluorodecalin and perfluorooctyl bromide with I is reported.

OSC.G 10 THERE ARE 10 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (11 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L14 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 1996:331480 CAPLUS

DN 125:86736

OREF 125:16369a,16372a

New phospholene and phosphepine derivatives from  $\lambda 3-$  phosphorus compounds and hexafluoroacetone or perfluorinated  $\alpha-$ diketones

AU Kadyrov, Alexander; Neda, Ion; Kaukorat, Thomas; Sonnenburg, Ralf;

Fischer, Axel; Jones, Peter G.; Schmutzler, Reinhard

- CS A. N. Nesmeyanov Institute of Organoelement Compounds, Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, 117813, Russia
- SO Chemische Berichte (1996), 129(6), 725-732 CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940
- PB VCH
- DT Journal
- LA German
- OS CASREACT 125:86736

GΙ

AΒ The reaction of the bis(2-chloroethyl)amino-substituted benzoxazaphosphorinone I with (F3C)2CO proceeds with insertion of the carbonyl group of (F3C)2CO into the heterocycle of I to form the oxazaphosphepinedione II (R, R1 = CF3; X = O, NMe). (EtO)3P and (PhO)3P react with F3CCOCOCF(CF3)2 or F3CCOCO(CF2)2CF3 with formation of the pentaoxyphosphoranes III [R = Et, Ph; R1 = CF(CF3)2, (CF2)2CF3].reaction of the (2-chloroethyl)amino- and bis(2-chloroethyl)amino-substituted 1,3,5,2-triazaphosphorinanediones with F3CCF2COCOCF3 furnishes spirophosphorane derivs. with the dioxaphospholene ring system in two cases only. Compound I and 2-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-4H-1,3,2-benzodioxaphosphorin-4-one react with the perfluorinated  $\alpha$ -diketones F3C(CO)2CF(CF3)2 or F3C(CO)2(CF2)2CF3 with insertion of the diketones into the heterocycle with formation of compds. containing dioxa- and oxazaphosphepinone ring systems. The expected oxidative addition of the diketones to  $\lambda 3P$  with formation of spirophosphoranes was not observed Compds. II [X = O, NMe; R = CF3; R1 = COCF(CF3)2, CO(CF2)2CF3 or R = CF(CF3)2, (CF2)2CF3; R1 = COCF3] were obtained as mixts. of isomers. Single crystal x-ray structure analyses were conducted on II (R = R1 = CF3; X = NMe) ( $\overline{IV}$ ) and III [R = R1] Ph, R1 = CF(CF3)2] (V). The 7-membered ring of IV is in a boat conformation, with the O and benzo C atoms lying out of the plane of the other 4 atoms. The 2 independent mols. of V are similar, but differ in the degree of distortion from trigonal-bipyramidal geometry of P. OSC.G 14 THERE ARE 14 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (14 CITINGS)

L14 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 1994:332354 CAPLUS

DN 120:332354

OREF 120:58297a,58300a

TI The Empirical Treatment of Solvent-Solute Interactions: 15 Years of  $\pi^*$  AU Laurence, Christian; Nicolet, Pierre; Dalati, M. Tawfik; Abboud, Jose-Luis

M.; Notario, Rafael

```
Laboratoire de Spectrochimie Moleculaire, Universite de Nantes, Nantes,
CS
     F-44072, Fr.
SO
     Journal of Physical Chemistry (1994), 98(23), 5807-16
     CODEN: JPCHAX; ISSN: 0022-3654
DT
     Journal
     English
LA
AB
     The near-UV-visible spectra of 4-nitroanisole (OMe) and
     N,N-dimethyl-4-nitroanilline (NMe2) were obtained at 25.0 \pm 0.1^{\circ}
     in the gas phase and in a set of 229 solvents that includes
     non-hydrogen-bond donors such as hydrocarbons (aliphatic, alicyclic,
     ethylenic, and aromatic), perfluorinated and other halogenated
     hydrocarbons (aromatic and nonarom.), nitriles, ketones, esters, lactones,
     anhydrides, amides, ureas, phosphates, HMPA, sulfates, sulfites,
     sulfoxides, sulfones, pyridines, and tertiary amines as well as weak
     hydrogen-bond donors such as nitrocompounds and primary and secondary
     amines. The frequencies of the absorption maximum of these spectra were used
     to refine and critically examine the \pi^\star scale of solvent effects. The
     dielec. consts. and refractive indexes of the solvents (mostly from this
     work) were used in an Oshika-Bayliss-McRae (OBM) treatment of these
     frequencies that led to the following results: (i) The partitioning of
     dipolarity and polarizability contributions to \pi^*; (ii) the quant.
     assessment of more specific contributions to \pi^* due to aromatic solvents.
     This study also showed the limitations of the OBM treatment and the
     advantages of the empirical approach. General conclusions regarding the
     phys. meaning and the use of scales of solvent effects (excluding hydrogen
     bonding) were drawn.
              THERE ARE 197 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (197 CITINGS)
       197
=> s 18 not 114
           47 L8 NOT L14
L15
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:33:15 ON 11 DEC 2009)
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:33:48 ON 11 DEC 2009
L1
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2
             50 S L1
L3
          97771 S L1 FULL
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:36:04 ON 11 DEC 2009
L4
         131193 S L3
L_5
         110765 S L4 AND PY<=2004
             10 S L5 AND PARTIALLY FLUORINATED
1.6
T.7
              1 S L5 AND COMPLETELY FLUORINATED
             50 S L5 AND PERFLUORINATED
L8
              0 S L8 AND ALUMINUM
L9
L10
              0 S L8 AND ALUMINIUM
L11
              0 S L8 AND BORON
L12
              0 S L8 AND GALLIUM
              0 S L8 AND INDIUM
L13
L14
              3 S L8 AND PHOSPHORUS
L15
             47 S L8 NOT L14
=> s 18 and arsenic
        131817 ARSENIC
L16
             0 L8 AND ARSENIC
=> s 18 and antimony
        131368 ANTIMONY
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0 L8 AND ANTIMONY

L17

```
=> s 18 and fluorinated alkoxy
         43183 FLUORINATED
        129832 ALKOXY
            79 FLUORINATED ALKOXY
                  (FLUORINATED (W) ALKOXY)
             0 L8 AND FLUORINATED ALKOXY
L18
=> s 18 and partially fluorinated alkoxy
        369980 PARTIALLY
         43183 FLUORINATED
        129832 ALKOXY
             3 PARTIALLY FLUORINATED ALKOXY
                  (PARTIALLY (W) FLUORINATED (W) ALKOXY)
L19
             0 L8 AND PARTIALLY FLUORINATED ALKOXY
=> s 18 and perfluorinated alkoxy
          6862 PERFLUORINATED
        129832 ALKOXY
             7 PERFLUORINATED ALKOXY
                 (PERFLUORINATED(W)ALKOXY)
L20
             0 L8 AND PERFLUORINATED ALKOXY
=> s 18 and completely fluorinated alkoxy
        422987 COMPLETELY
         43183 FLUORINATED
        129832 ALKOXY
             O COMPLETELY FLUORINATED ALKOXY
                  (COMPLETELY (W) FLUORINATED (W) ALKOXY)
             0 L8 AND COMPLETELY FLUORINATED ALKOXY
L21
=> s 18 and trialkoxy
           803 TRIALKOXY
             0 L8 AND TRIALKOXY
L22
=> s 18 and tert-butylalkoxy
        300058 TERT
             1 BUTYLALKOXY
             0 TERT-BUTYLALKOXY
                  (TERT (W) BUTYLALKOXY)
L23
             0 L8 AND TERT-BUTYLALKOXY
=> s 18 and tert-butyl alkoxy
        300058 TERT
        316785 BUTYL
        129832 ALKOXY
             3 TERT-BUTYL ALKOXY
                  (TERT (W) BUTYL (W) ALKOXY)
L24
             0 L8 AND TERT-BUTYL ALKOXY
=>
---Logging off of STN---
Executing the logoff script...
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=> fil reg COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
0.22 0.22

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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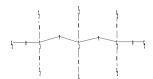
Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

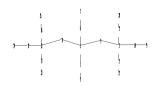
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http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\580974-2.str





chain nodes :

chain bonds :

 $2-3 \quad 2-6 \quad 2-9 \quad 2-10 \quad 3-5 \quad 6-7 \quad 9-11 \quad 10-12 \quad 11-13 \quad 11-14 \quad 11-15 \quad 12-16 \quad 12-17$ 

12-18 13-20 14-19 15-21 16-25 17-23 18-24

exact/norm bonds :

G1:B, Al, Ga, In, P, As, Sb

G2:Cb,Cy,Hy,Ak

Match level:

2:CLASS 3:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS

21:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 21:32:46 ON 11 DEC 2009)

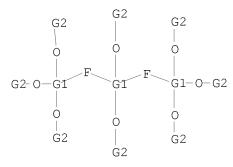
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 21:33:00 ON 11 DEC 2009

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 11

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



G1 B, Al, Ga, In, P, As, Sb

G2 Cb, Cy, Hy, Ak

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 21:33:28 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 111 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 111 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 1588 TO 2852 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L2 0 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s 11 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 21:33:33 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 2032 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 2032 ITERATIONS 2 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 2 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 185.88 186.10

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 10 Dec 2009 (20091210/ED)

REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Oct 2009

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Aug 2009

CAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2009.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13 L4 1 L3

=> d bib abs

- L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:523465 CAPLUS
- DN 143:37559
- TI Method for the production of salts of weakly fluorinated alcoholato complex anions of main group elements
- IN Krossing, Ingo; Gonsior, Marcin; Mueller, Lutz
- PA Universitaet Karlsruhe TH, Germany
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE						
ΡI	WO	2005	0542	54		A1		20050616		WO 2004-EP12220						20041028			
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NΙ,	
			NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	
			ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TΤ,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
		RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	${\sf TZ}$ ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑM,	
			ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	
			EE,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	
			SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	$ ext{ML}$ ,	MR,	ΝE,	
				TD,															
		1035				A1			-	DE 2003-10356768									
		1689						2006		EP 2004-790989				20041028					
	EP	1689						2007											
		R:						ES,							ΝL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
				SI,	FΙ,			TR,	•		•								
		3701				_		20070915		AT 2004-790989									
		2008								US 2007-580974				20070612					
PRAI		2003						2003											
	WO	2004	-EP1	2220		W	W 20041028												

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

OS MARPAT 143:37559

AB The invention relates to a method for the production of salts of weakly fluorinated alcoholato complex anions according to the following formulas, M[FX(ORF)m]z (1) M[(FRO)mXFX(ORF)m]z (2) and M[(FRO)mXFX(ORF)nFX(ORF)m]z

(3) (X = B, Al, Ga, In, P, As, Sb; M = monovalent or divalent cation; n = 2 for m = 3 or n = 4 for m = 5; y = 1-2). For example, Ag[FAl(OC(CF3)3)3] in 98 % yield was prepared by the reaction of AlMe3 with HOC(CF3)3 in presence of AgBF4 in pentane.

OSC.G 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=>

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=>

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=> LOG Y

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